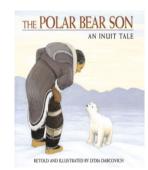
# **English**

- read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas are competent in the arts of speaking and listening. making formal presentations, demonstrating to others and participating in debate
- write sentences by:
- saying out loud what they are going to write about
- composing a sentence orally before writing it
- sequencing sentences to form short narratives
- re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense

discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils

read their writing aloud, clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher









## **Phonics & SPAG**

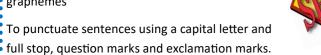
Read Write Inc Interventions

**Geography KS1** 

studied at this key stage

To apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words

Respond speedily to the correct sound to graphemes



use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom

and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans

use simple compass directions (north, south, east and west) and

use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise lan

marks and basic human and physical features;

locational and directional language [for example, near and far, left

and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map



# ducational Visits Outdoor Learning

Ice -Skating (?)

Ryton Pools Dens and **Habitats** 



arning Experiences &



# : Maths

#### Place Value

Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with zero Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least (Y1)

Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s (Y1)

Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words (Y2)

Recognise the place value of each digit in a 2-digit number (tens, ones) (Y2)

Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line (Y2)

Given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less (Y1)

Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use and = signs (Y2)

Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes (Y1)

Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides, and line symmetry in a vertical

Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces (Y2)

### Wonderful Water

'The Family Book' (Todd Parr) (No Outsiders) Chinese New Year (PSHE) Cultures & Customs of this festival

**Curriculum Map** 

Spring 1

Poles Apart

**PSHE** 

MyHappyMind story

'Appreciate and being thankful'

Differences (Max the Champion -

Sean Stockdale, Alexandra Strick & Ros Asquith) I know that everyone is different.

I know that you can't always see differences.

### Caring for our world

I can understand how to care for our world (litter and recy-

One World (My World, Your World - Melanie Walsh)

To understand that we share the world with lots of people. can explore family life in different countries. I can explore home and home life in different countries.

### Science

### Seasonal Changes—Winter

Observe changes across the four seasons.

Working scientifically – Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.

## Living Things and Their Habitats—Arctic Regions

#### Year 1

 Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees Identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals

### Year 2

Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats

find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food, air)

# All

Ask questions about life and survival in the Arctic

Identify and names plants that can survive in the arctic

Identify name and classify a variety of arctic animals

Find out about needs and habitats of animals in the arctic

Explore and make predictions about the processes of freezing and melting

# **Art & Design / Design Tech**

Produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences

Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques

Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms



# **PE-** Team games

Participate in team games, developing simple catching and throwing

**Exploration explorer Arctic Antarctic compare** contrast pastel northern lights survival barren cold temperature freezing





# devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key Focus: Polar Landscapes

# History KS1

Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented.

Focus: Polar Explorers—Race to the North Pole